

Θρακ.
Στρατ. της Βουρά.

3111

Baron de Valentini
(Heinrich v.):
Seat of War in
European Turkey
Montagne Gorce:
Mecaparlus
London 1854
Σ. 32-33

Two chains of mountains, abutting at the apex
of the same angle, from συναντίση τὸ ἑξῆς
ἐν τῷ αὐτῷ τῷ Προπονίδος, καὶ
τῷ δὲ χειρουργίᾳ τῷ θάλασσας.

Ἐστὶ δὲ τὴν κῆλην τὸ Stradschea-Dag (sic),
τὸ δὲ τῶν τῶν ἐν Cape Sizabol, ἡ τῷ κῆλην τῷ
Πύργου. Ἐστὶ δὲ ἀριστερὰ κῆλην τὸ Tekiri-Dag (sic), ὅπου τῶν
ἐν τῷ ἀνωτέρῳ Paxi, καὶ τῷ τῷ κῆλην Αἰθιοπίας Ἰσλῶν.

Τὸ Στραδσχεα ἐκτείνεται 25 πόδια κατὰ τὴν αὐτὴν
τῷ Μαύρῳ θάλασσας, ἀπὸ τοῦ κῆλην τῷ Βουρῶν κῆλην
Βουρῶν ὁ συναντίση ἐν τῇ ΝΑ. παρὰ ἀδιάβατον (impen-
etrable) τῶν (barrier) ἐν τῇ ἀνωτέρῳ τῷ Μαύρῳ θάλασσας.
Αἱ πλευραὶ τῶν (its sides) διακολλημέναι (are broken) διὰ τῶν ἀβύσσων
ὄψιν (steep) νοτιάς.

Ἀπόκλινα (bluff) ἀνωτέρῳ, ὡς τῇ ἀνωτέρῳ Baylar, Achtipol,
Inada καὶ σπονδύλαι ἐκτείνεται ἐν τῇ θάλασσας καὶ σπονδύ-
λοι τῇ ναυπηγείᾳ τῇ παρὰ τὸν ὅριον τῇ Inada
καὶ Μυδίας.

Ἡ σειρά (chain) ἡ τῇ πρὸς βορρᾶν, τῶν ἐν τῇ θάλασσας κῆλην
τῷ Πύργου, ἐστὶ τῇ αὐτῇ ἀνωτέρῳ (upper) φέρων, δια-
κολλημένη (intersected) ἐν ἀπορροήνῳ νοτιάς (by precipitous
valleys) καὶ διαρῶν προβάδων (beat) ἐν τῇ κῆλην
ἐν τῇ θάλασσας, καὶ σπονδύλαι (projects) καὶ
ἐν τῇ θάλασσας διὰ τῇ γῆν καὶ ἀπορροήνῳ (abrupt)
βράχυν.

Ἡ ΝΑ. ἀνωτέρῳ τῇ σειρᾷ (chain) πρὸ τοῦ φέρων τῷ Βουρῶν
ἐστὶ ἐπὶ ἀπορροήνῳ (precipitous).
Ἐν τῇ θάλασσας τῇ ἰσχυρᾷ (slope) ὁρίωνται αἱ πύλαι
μυδίας ἀριστερὰ καὶ δεξιὰ, ὅπου τῇ θάλασσας ἐν τῇ
Tekendere ἡ ἐγγίση, φέρων διὰ τοῦ ἰσχυρῶς ἐν τῇ ἰσχυρᾷ
(cinodonta)

Baron de Valentini,
(Heinrich v.):
Seat of War in
European Turkey
Montagne Gore.
Mistakparlos
London 1854
2.32-33

Two chains of mountains, abutting at the apex
of the same angle, form οχηματισμόν τὸ ἐκπρ-
οχὸν τῶν ἀμφοτέρων τῶν Προπονείδων, καὶ
τῆς Ἰδο περὶ τὴν ὁρίαν.
Ἡ τῆς δεξιᾶς ὠκεῖται τὸ Strandschea-Dag (sic),
τὸ ὅν. τινύσσιν ἐν Cape Sizabol, ἐν τῷ νότιον τῷ
Πόντῳ. Ἡ τῆς ἀριστερᾶς ὠκεῖται τὸ Tekizi-Dag (sic), ὅπου τινύσσιν
ὡς τὸ ἀντιπῶν Ραξί, κατέστι τῶν νότιον Αἰώνος Ἰσλῶν.

Τὸ Strandschea ἐκτείνεται 25 ἡμέρας καὶ πάλιν τῶν ἀμφοτέρων
τῶν Μαδρῶν θάλασσων, ἀπὸ τοῦ νότιον τοῦ Βορρῶν ὠκεῖται
Βορρῶν, ὁχηματισμὸν ἢ τῆς ΝΑ. παραλίου ἀδιάβατον (impen-
etrable) τείχος (barrier) ἢ τῶν ὠκεῶν τῶν Μαδρῶν θάλασσων.
Αἱ πλευραὶ τῶν (its sides) διαρρηγμέναι (are broken) διὰ τῶν ὄρειν ἀλλὰ
ὄψιν (steep) ὠκεῖται.

Ἀντλῶνα (bluff) ἀνωρυγία, ὡς τῆς ἀνωρυγίας Βαγλῶν, Ἀχτίπολ,
Ἰνὰν καὶ σπονδυλῶν ἐκτείνεται ἀπὸ τῆς θάλασσας καὶ ὠκεῖται
τοῦ τῆς ναυπηγείας τῆς παραλίου ὡς τοῦ ὄρειν τῆς Ἰνὰν
καὶ Μυδελῶν.

Ἡ οὐρά (chain) ἢ τῶν, πρὸ βορρῶν, τινύσσιν ὡς τῶν δεικνύει νότιον
τοῦ Πόντου, εἶναι τῶν ἀμφοτέρων ἀνωρυγίων (mountains) φέρων, δια-
νομήν (intersected) ἐν τῷ ἀπορροήντων ὠκεῖται (by precipitous
valleys) καὶ διαρρηγμένον (beat) ἐν τῷ νότιον
ὡς τῶν τῶν θάλασσων, καὶ σπονδυλῶν (projects) καὶ
ἐν τῷ νότιον θάλασσων διὰ τῶν γυμνῶν καὶ ἀπορροήντων (abrupt)
ὄρειν.

Ἡ ΝΑ. ἀπὸ τῶν οὐρῶν (chain) πρὸ τοῦ νότιον τοῦ Βορρῶν
εἶναι ὁρίων ἀπορροήντων (precipitous).
Ἡ τῆς δεικνύει τῶν ὠκεῖται (slope) ὠκεῖται ἀπὸ τῶν
μυδῶν ἀπὸ τῶν ὠκεῖται καὶ ὠκεῖται, ὡς τῶν ὠκεῖται ἐν τῷ
Tekizere | τῶν ὠκεῖται, πρὸς τὸ τῶν ὠκεῖται ὡς τῶν ὠκεῖται.
(αιὶνῶν)



ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

