



ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



THE CELEBRATED
HANS HOLBEIN'S
ALPHABET OF DEATH



PARIS
PRINTED FOR EDWIN TROSS
Rue des Bons-Enfants, 28
M DCCC LVI

Mon

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ



THE CELEBRATED HANS HOLBEIN'S ALPHABET OF DEATH

ILLUSTRATED WITH OLD BORDERS ENGRAVED ON WOOD
WITH LATIN SENTENCES AND ENGLISH QUATRAINS

selected by

ANATOLE DE MONTAIGLON

PARIS

PRINTED FOR EDWIN TROSS

28, Rue des Bons - Enfants

M DCCC LVI

ΒΙΒΛΙΟΘΗΚΗ
ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑΖ
ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

ΒΙΒΛΙΟΘΗΚΗ
ΕΜΜΑΝ. ΡΟΥΓΔΟΥ
ΕΚ ΔΩΡΕΑΣ
ΕΝΑΡ. Ι. ΑΝΔΡΕΑΔΟΥ

LITTLEFIELD'S
ALPHABET OF DEATH

TO

THOMAS WRIGHT, ESQ., M.A., F.S.A.,

this edition of the Alphabet of Death

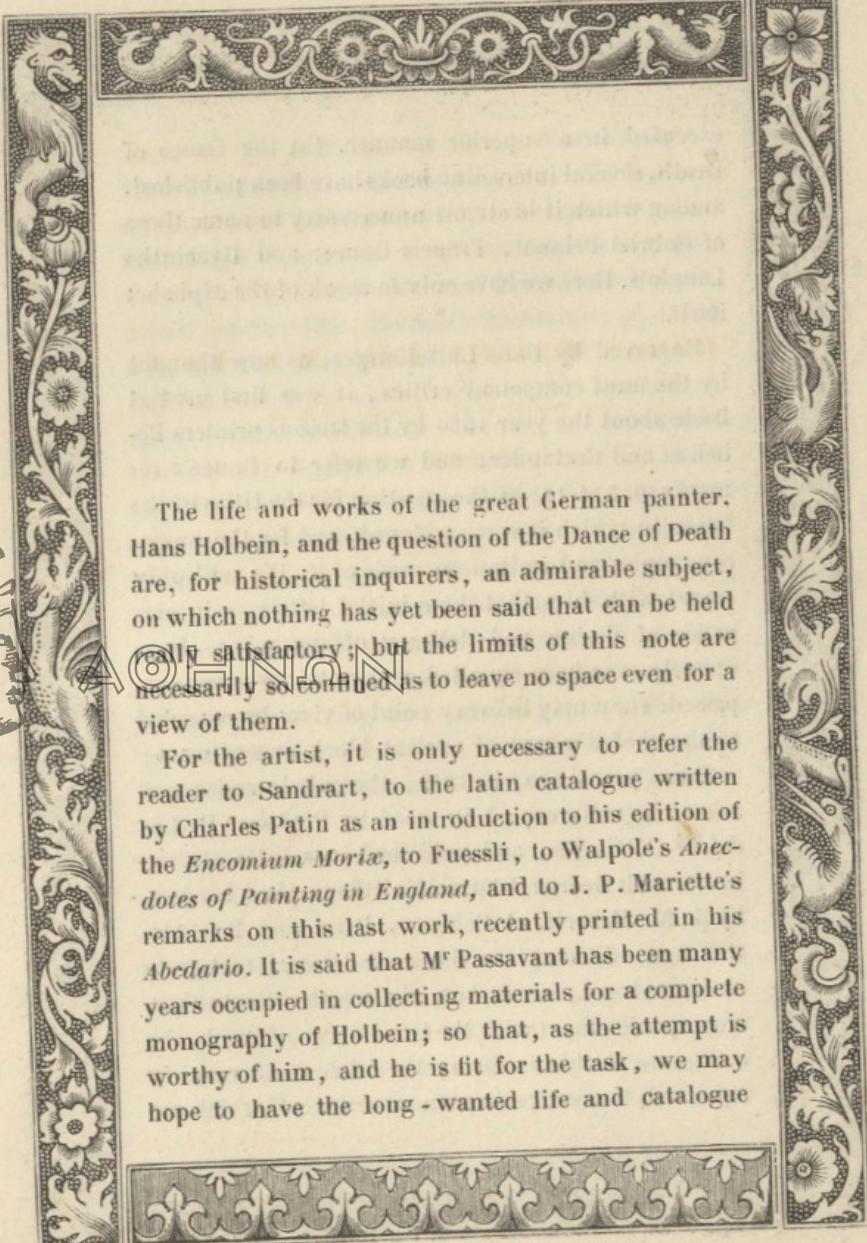
is respectfully dedicated

by

the Editor.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

PUBLISHED
BY JAMES DODSLEY,
1800.



To those who like ancient subjects, and have
hitherto despised neglected historical books, about
which indeed you cannot speak of them as old, it may be
admirable to see how much knowledge and
useful information may be collected from them, and
how much they may be improved by the addition of
modern light. No question of course of their
being well worth reading, but the author's name
and date are wanting, and the title is not
so clear as it might be.

The life and works of the great German painter,
Hans Holbein, and the question of the Dance of Death
are, for historical inquirers, an admirable subject,
on which nothing has yet been said that can be held
as satisfactory; but the limits of this note are
necessarily so confined as to leave no space even for a
view of them.

For the artist, it is only necessary to refer the
reader to Sandrart, to the latin catalogue written
by Charles Patin as an introduction to his edition of
the *Encomium Moriæ*, to Fuessli, to Walpole's *Anec-
dotes of Painting in England*, and to J. P. Mariette's
remarks on this last work, recently printed in his
Abcdario. It is said that M^r Passavant has been many
years occupied in collecting materials for a complete
monography of Holbein; so that, as the attempt is
worthy of him, and he is fit for the task, we may
hope to have the long-wanted life and catalogue



executed in a superior manner. On the Dance of Death, several interesting books have been published, among which it is almost unnecessary to name those of Gabriel Peignot, Francis Douce, and Hyacinthe Langlois. Here we have only to speak of the Alphabet itself.

Engraved by Hans Lutzelburger, as now thought by the most competent critics, it was first used at Basle about the year 1530 by the famous printers Bebelius and Cratander, and we refer to Douce's remarks (p. 214-18) on the question for the titles of the books in which it was employed, and for the numerous copies and imitations made of it. We will only repeat with him that these initial letters, « in elegance of design and delicacy of engraving, have scarcely ever been equalled, and certainly never surpassed. They may in every point of view be regarded as the chef-d'œuvre of ancient block engraving. »

Seven years ago, in 1849, the whole series was anew elegantly copied on wood by Professor H. Lödel of Göttingen, and published in a little 8^{vo} volume, with George Osterwald's lithographed borders, by J. M. Heberle at Cologne, Bonn and Brussels. Our new edition gives the same letters, real gems of engraving on wood, but, as a worthy illustration, accompanies them with the two Dances of Death, the one more Gothic in form, the other more coarsely engraved, but yet perhaps more artistical, which are



found in the well known Simon Vostre's *Horæ*. These two Dances, as well as the ornamental borders, all taken from different books, are engraved with a fidelity and elegance on which our readers may pronounce, by M^r Leon Le Maire, of Paris, who has also copied on the title Holbein's Escutcheon of Death from the *Imagines Mortis*.

On these letters we will now add a curious remark, which, we believe, has not yet been made. In the eleven first letters we find the subjects in the traditional order without any relation between them. So we see, as in all the series, the Dance begun by the Death the musician, and followed, in order of rank, by the Pope, the Emperor, the King, the Cardinal, the Empress, the Bishop, the Nobleman, the Burgess or Merchant, and the Priest. But, from the letter M to the end, it may be remarked, and I owe this hint to M^r Henry Bordier, that each letter is the beginning of the Latin name of the character represented.

So, at M we see the *Medicus*; at N the banker, *Numerarius*; at O a fat monk, *Obesus monachus*; at P a fighting soldier, *Præliator*. The Q is less clear; the obedient nun who quietly follows Death, might however be called in Latin: *Quieta, quassata, or queribunda monacha*. But the R is quite certain, for we find in it: *Ridens* or *ridiculus fatuus*. In the S we have the luxurious woman, *Scortum*. The T is



somewhat troublesome; yet in the minstrel driven to the ground and urged to drink by a facetious skeleton, we may read *Titubans homo*. At V the galloping horseman is perhaps *Velox homo*; at W the ancient hermit is *Wetusissimus homo*, the superlative being marked by the repetition of the same letter. At X we have deceitful gamesters, *Xycophantes*, and this change of S into X is not at all inadmissible, since in the subsequent letter the artist has used *Ynfans*, when the ordinary form is *infans*. As to Z, it is used like the Greek Ω to import the idea of the end, and consequently the artist has put in it the last judgment, the end of this earthly world, as Z is the end of the Alphabet. Some of these interpretations may certainly be modified and improved; but we hold as undisputable the idea of seeking in the last thirteen letters the beginning of the Latin name of the intended characters.

One word more, and I close this note. A literary selector of Latin sentences on Death might be able to choose from Greek, Roman and old Christian authors, most magnificent extracts; but such a thing was quite impossible for us. Here we had to give twenty-four sentences, of a limited extent, each beginning by a different letter; and only long enough to surround and support the letter in conformity with typographical exigencies.—As to the quatrains, we might reprint the translation written in 1794 by

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

Hawkins for his edition of a copy of Holbein's *Imagines Mortis*; but we have chosen to have them made for the most part with the stanzas of the old translation of the Macabre's Dance by John Lydgate, and some new-written in the same style, so that each may be indicative of the subject in the letter. That is all that can be said on them.

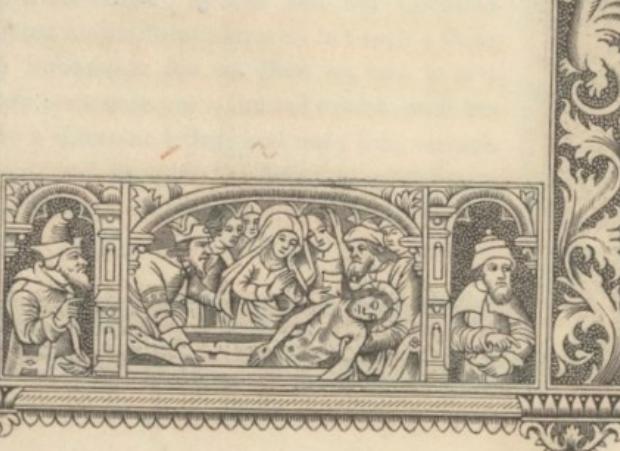
A. DE M.

Paris, 12th July, 1856.



DEATH CAM DRYVYNG AFTER,
AND ÁL TO DUSTE PASSHED,
KYNGES AND KNYGHTES,
KAYSERS AND POPES,
LERED AND LEWED,
HE LET NO MAN STONDE
THAT HE HITTE EVENE,
THAT EVERE STIRRED AFTER.
MANYE A LOVELY LADY,
AND LEMMANS OF KNYGHTES,
SWOWNED AND SWELTED
FOR SORWE OF HIS DYNTEN.

AKAΔΗΜΙΑ
(PIERS PLOUGHMAN, Passus XX.)



PUD mortem non
est acceptio per-
sonarum. Nec mi-
seretur pupillo,
nec desert senio-
ri, nec timet potentem, nec vere-
tur nobilem, nec horret pauperem
aut ignobilem, nec dimittit divi-
tem aut potentem, nec contemnit
infirmem aut debilem, nec evitat
fortem, nec parcit sapienti, nec
insipienti

AΩΗΗΝΩΝ

S. ANTONINUS.



*O creatures, ye that ben resonable,
Who alle shalle trace the daunce of Macabré,
Ye may here lern doctrine ful notable,
How dethe ne spareth high ne low degré.*

A 1





ONORUM MORS non
est nisi accele-
ratio glorificatio-
nis, diruptio car-
ceris, finis pere-
grinationis, portus navigationis,
contritio laquei, depositio vetustæ
vestis, induitio novæ, depositio
ponderis, dejectio atrocissimi ho-
stis, solutio debiti naturalis.

HUGO CARD.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

*O thou that of alle estates spirituall
In erthe art set moste high in dignite
Upon this daunce firsste begynne thou shalle,
As moste worthy by thy soverainte.*



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

*Sir emperour, lorde of alle the grounde,
Soverayne pryncie and hieste of noblesse,
Ye moste forsake of golde your aple rounde,
Sceptre and swerde, and alle your high
[prowesse.*



ERTUM est quod
morieris, et in-
certum quando
aut quomodo aut
ubi, quoniam u-
bique te mors expectat. Tu quo-
que, si sapiens fueris, ubique eam
expectabis.

S. BERNARDUS.



DIES iræ, dies illa,
Crucis expandens
[vexilla,
Solvet seclum in
[favilla.

Quantus tremor est futurus
Quando judex est venturus,
Omnia stricte discussurus.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

*O noble Kynge, most worthy of renoune,
Come forthe anon for alle your worthinessse,
That hadde somtyme about you envyroune
Grete ryalté and passyng high noblesse.*



TET mors naturalis
et poenalis, naturalis per quam anima separatur a corpore, poenalis
vero est cum anima e virtutis vita emoritur et vivit in vita vitii.

PHILO JUDÆUS.

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

*Ye ben abasshed, it semeth, and in drede,
Syre cardymalle; me thynketh by your chere;
But yit forthy ye folowe shale in dede
With othere folk, my daunce for to lere.*





INIS noster absconditus est nobis; venturi exitus ignorantia nobis incerta est; improvisus occursus, incertus eventus et finis omnium. **Dum** nescimus, repente mors venit; dum non aestimamus, improvisi tollimur; dum ignoramus, repente subtrahimur.

S. ISIDORUS HISPANUS.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

*Ye han not lerned here afore to daunce
No daunce in sothe of folynge so sage,
Wherefor ye see by clere demonstraunce
What pryde is worth, force, or high lynage.*



OERMANA corruptio-
nis mors est, des-
perationis domi-
na, incredulitatis
mater, inferni pa-
rens, diaboli conjunx, omnium
malorum regina.

S. PETRUS CHRYSOLOGUS.

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

*Madame, in sothe, ther is non other bote;
Dethe hath in erthe no lady ne maistresse,
But on this daunce ye moste nedis fote,
Al, be ye quene, countesse, or duchesse.*





HEC paria sunt. Non eris, nec fuisti, utrumque tempus alienum est. In hoc punctum conjectus es: quod ut extendas, quounque extendes? Quid fles? Quid optas? Perdis operam. Rata et fixa sunt, atque magna et æterna necessitate ducuntur. Eo ibis quo omnia eunt.

AKAΔΗΜΑ

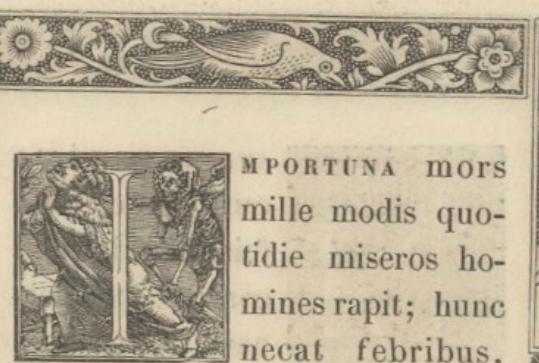
SENECA.

*My lord, sir bisshope, ye maye not so
[withdrawe,
Se frowardly, as it were by disdeyne,
Ye moste approche unto my mortale lawe
It to contraire it were but in veyne.*

3



A
O
H
N
N
A



IMPORTUNA mors mille modis quotidie miseros homines rapit; hunc necat feribus, hunc opprimit doloribus, hunc consumit fame, illum siti extinguit, hunc suffocat aquis, illum intermit laqueo, illum perimit flammis, hunc trucidat ferro, illum veneno corrumpit, alterum repentina terrore nubila, tam finire compellit.

S. AUGUSTINUS.



*Right nowe, sir prince, for alle your highnesse,
The pompe of wordely honoure ye shalle lete;
Who moste haboundeth here in gret richesse,
Shalle bere with hym but a single shete.*

A 2



ATHERINA virgo
cum decollata
fuisset, de ejus
corpo lac ema-
navit. Angeli au-
tem corpus ejus accipientes ab illo
loco ad montem Sinay itinere plus
quam viginti deduxerunt, et ibi-
dem honorifice sepelierunt. Ex
cujus ossibus indesinenter oleum
emanat, quod cunctorum debi-
lum membra sanat. Passa est sub
Maxentio sive Maxximo Aramia.

JACOBUS DE VORAGINE.

*Ye that so longe worshippe and renoun
Have had amonges ladies and barons,
Now moste ye from your highnesse come adoun,
Forgettyng youre trompettes and clarions.*



AUDANS invocabo
Dominum et ab
inimicis meis sal-
vus ero. Circum-
dederunt me do-
lores mortis, et torrentes iniqui-
tatis conturbaverunt me. Dolores
inferni circumdederunt me; præ-
occupaverunt me laquei mortis.

PSALM. XVII.

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

*Farwelle, my tythes, farwelle, myne offe-
rynge;
I most go comte in ordre by and by,
And for my shepe make a juste reckonyng;
Whom God acquiteth, I hold hym happy.*



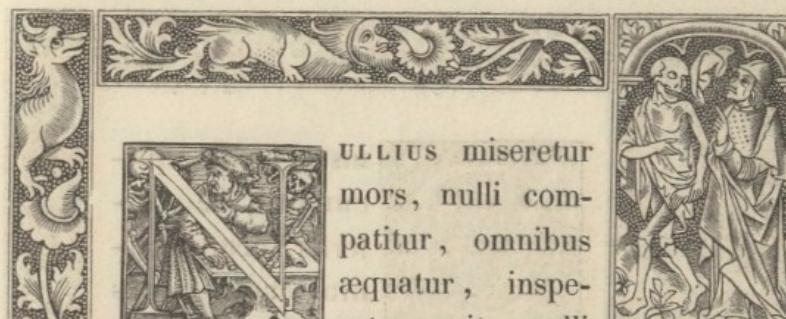


MORS nihil aliud est
quam peregrinationis terminus,
finis miseriae, la-
borum meta, exi-
lii limes, janua patriae, nativitas
vitae, principium beatitudinis, pri-
mitiae primitiorum.

PETRUS BLESSENSIS.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

*Maister of phisike, werketh not in veyne;
Ayenste my myght your skylle may not endure,
For alle your crafte and study of medycine,
Leche though ye be, youre self ye can not cure.*



ULLIUS miseretur
mors, nulli com-
patitur, omnibus
æquatur, inspe-
rata venit, nulli
parcit, corpus et animam separat,
finis est laborum et ultima linea
rerum.

HUGO A SANCTO VICTORE.

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

*Thou usurper, loke up here at my calle,
Unto wynninge that setteste alle thy peyne;
A perilouse stroke shal make the lese alle;
Thy gredy cheste thou filleste alle in veyne.*





MISER homo, quo-
cumque te ver-
teris, incerta om-
nia, sola mors
certa. Pauper es,
incertum est an ditescas. Indo-
ctus, incertum est an erudiaris.
Imbecillis, incertum est an con-
valescas. Natus es; certum est quia
morieris, et in hoc ipso, quia
mors certa est, dies mortis incer-
tus est, ita quis tecum dera-
matur.

S. AUGUSTINUS SUPER PSAL.



*Sir corduler, to you myn hond is raught
To this daunce you to conveye and lede,
Which in your prechynge have ful ofte taught
How I am most gastfuller for to dredre.*



PER unum homi-
nem quemadmo-
dum in mundum
introivit ac per
peccatum mors,
et sic in omnes homines mors
pervasit quatenus omnes pecca-
verunt. Imo regnavit mors in eos
qui non peccaverant ad similitu-
dinem transgressionis Adam, qui
typum gerit illius futuri.

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

PAULUS AD ROM. V.

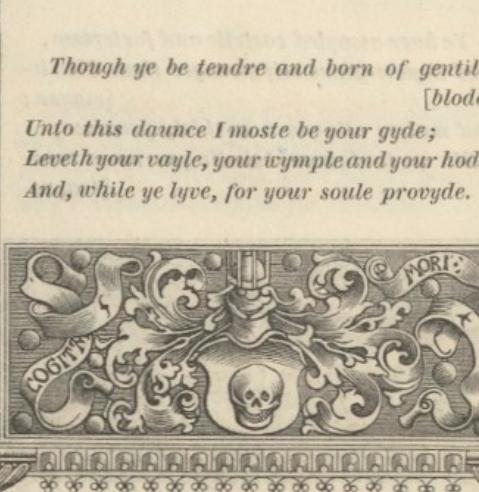


*Ye have assayled castelle and forteresse,
And thynke youre self strenger than Charle-
[mayne;
But malgré alle youre worldely prouesse,
With us to daunce I shalle you nowe cons-
[trayne.*





UOTIDIE morimur; quotidie enim demitur aliqua pars vitae, et, tunc quoque cum crescimus, vita decrescit; infantiam amissimus, deinde pueritiam, deinde adolescentiam; usque ad hesternum quidquid transiit temporis periiit; hunc ipsum, quem agimus, diem cum morte dividimus.



Though ye be tendre and born of gentille
[blode,
Unto this daunce I moste be your gyde;
Levethe your vayle, your wymples and your hode,
And, while ye lyve, for your soule provyde.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ



EMEDIUM mors est, studiorum et curarum ad vitam pertinentium vacuitas. Mori non est malum, sed male mori pessimum.

S. JOANNES CHRYSOSTOMUS.



Thou that hast lyved ful ofte in jolyfete,
Come forthe, sir fole, wyth baubel and wyth
[cappe;
For no man maye escape his destyne;
But, wyse or fole, deth muste be thyne happe.

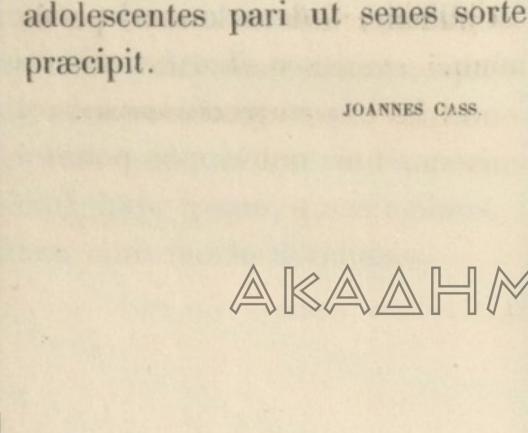
A 3





JOANNES CASS

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



*O thou that many a man hast allurede,
And made hym waste hys youthe in false ple-
[saunce,
Though in youre beauté ye ben moche assurede,
Yit shalle ye atte laste joyne my daunce.*



M. TULLIUS CICERO.

ΘΗΝΩΝ

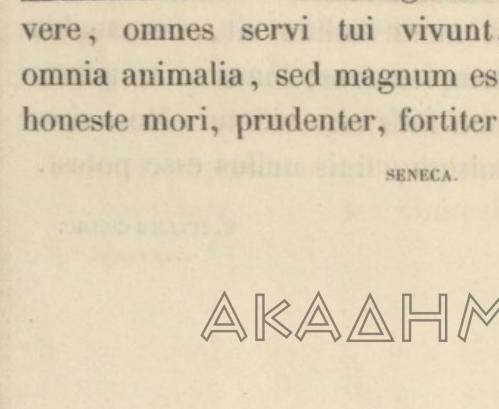




BICUMQUE desines,
si bene desinis,
sed et fortiter de-
sinendum. Non
est res magna vi-
vere, omnes servi tui vivunt,
omnia animalia, sed magnum est
honeste mori, prudenter, fortiter.

SENECA.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



Allas! Syre galaunte, nowe most thou saunz
[socoure
Abate thy reyne glorie and thy pryd,
And leve byhynde al worldely honoure,
For agenst deth no thyng may abide.



LNERA mea ecce
non abscondo;
medicus es; æger
sum. — Mors, si-
cut nec sibi a
quoquam sponte, nec cuiquam
sponte inferenda est, ita, Deo
jubente, recusanda non est, cuius
institutione quocumque tempore
obeunda est.

S. AUGUSTINUS.

ΑΘΗΝΩΝ



Thou that hast lyved longe in wyldernessee,
Must nowe take leve of thyne ermytage;
For yche man knowethe welle this sentence,
That in this lyfe is no sure heritage.



ANTHIPPÆ uxori
Socrates, cum for-
ti animo et con-
stanti vultu potio-
nem veneni e ma-
nu carnificis accepisset, admoto
jam labris poculo, inter fletum et
lamentationem vociferanti inno-
centem eum perimi : « Quid ergo?
inquit. Nocenti mihi satius esse
duxisti? » O immensam illam sa-
pientiam quæ ~~in iusto videntur~~ AKADEMIA
vitæ excessu obliisci sui potuit!

VALERIUS MAXIMUS.

*Al youre passetyme has ben to shaken the
[dyce ;
But throwe no more, for nowe it is youre
[chaunce,
Maugré youre grete othes and wordes nyce,
To folowe me bothe in the dedely daunce.*



SAIAS filius Amos
propheta intro-
vit ad Ezechiam
ægrotantem us-
que ad mortem
et dixit ei : « Dispone domui tuæ,
quia morieris tu et non vives. »
Et dixit Ezechias : « Non videbo
Dominum Deum in terra viven-
tium. Generatio mea ablata est et
convoluta est a me, sicut taber-
nacula vestrum. Præcissa ve-
lut a texente anima mea ; dum
adhuc ordirer, incudit me. »

YSAIAS.





ALPHABETI ultima littera est, ut dies mortis ultimus vitæ. Ideo prima et ultima Græcorum, A atque Ω, omnis cursus vitæ comprehensus significandusque præbetur.



ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

*Remember alle there is no better victorie
In this lyfe here than sle synne at leste,
Thanne shalle ye regne in Paradys with glorie;
Happy is he in hevene that makethe his feste.*

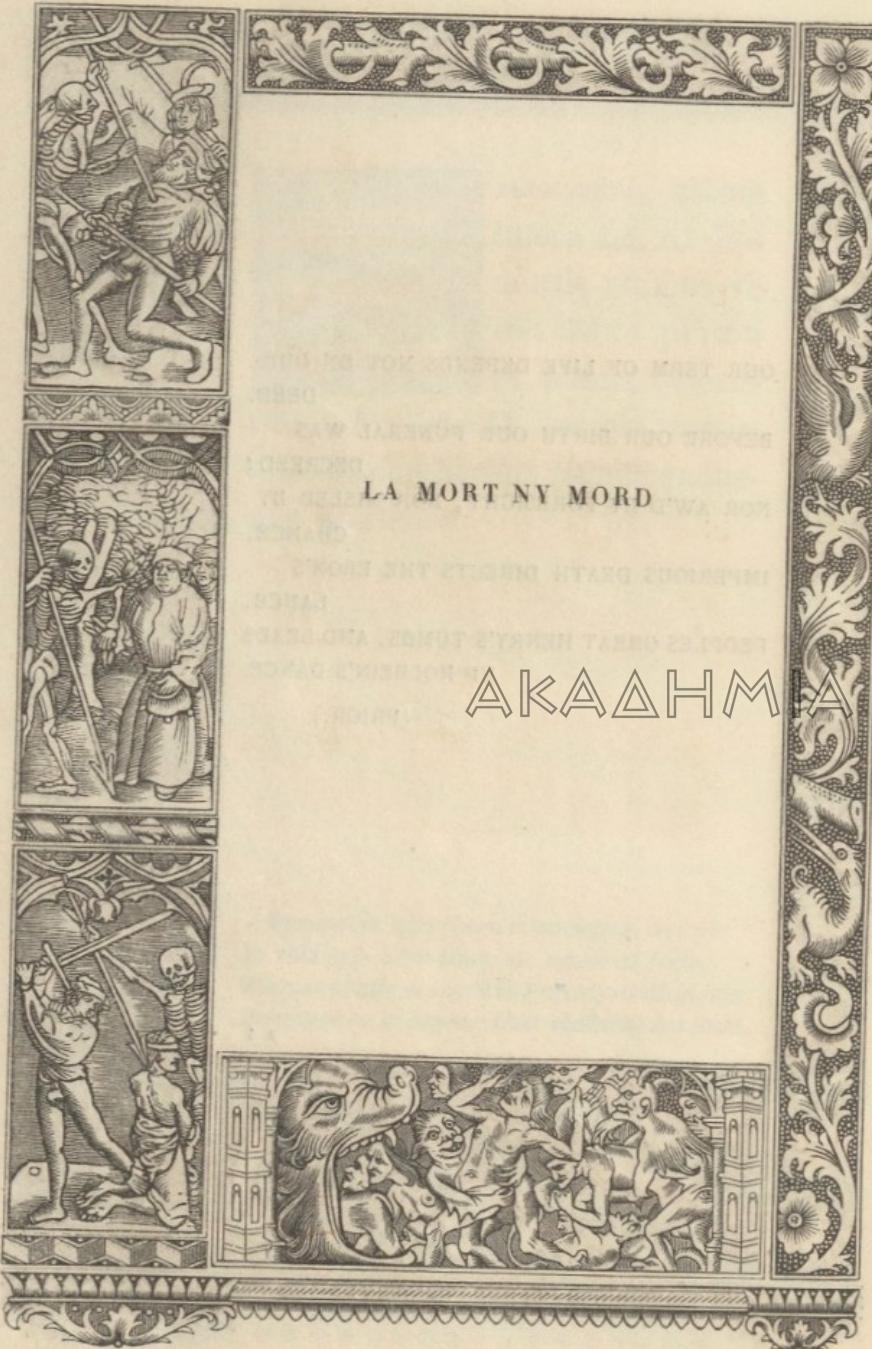


OUR TERM OF LIFE DEPENDS NOT ON OUR
DEED.
BEFORE OUR BIRTH OUR FUNERAL WAS
DECREED;
NOR AW'D BY FORESIGHT, NOR MISLED BY
CHANCE,
IMPERIOUS DEATH DIRECTS THE EBON'S
LANCE,
PEOPLES GREAT HENRY'S TUMBS, AND LEADS
UP HOLBEIN'S DANCE.

(PRIOR.)



A 4



LA MORT NY MORD

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ



Imprinted by Firmin Didot brothers
at the expenses of EDWIN TROSS, at Paris

M DCCC LVI



ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

LES VOIX INTÉRIEURES

LES RAISONS ET LES DOSES

RÉUNE ET