

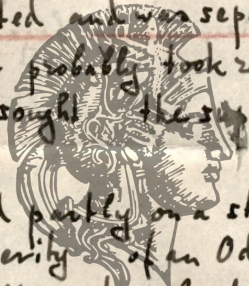
A

We find a reference in Xenophon to a petty dynast named Teres under Scythus and Metocus ruling the Thracian Delta, a district near Byzantium.

There is one name that we have been unable to fit into the outline. A Teres also used the reverse type of Maroneia, somewhat similar to that which Amadocus took over.

Just what a ruler of this district (τῶν Διέλλα) had to do with Maroneia is not clear. But Höck's suggestion is possible, viz., that Teres was driven from his throne at the same time that the territory east of the Hebrus River belonging to Maesades revolted and was separated from the Odrystian Empire. If so, he probably took refuge in Maroneia, then or later, and sought the support of Ma-

AKAKHMAIA



AOHNON

Schaefer's conjecture based partly on a statement of Theopompus as to the longevity of an Odrystian king Teres, that the Teres of Xenophon lived to the ripe old age of 92 years and was the man mentioned in Philip's letter⁺, is as reasonable as Höck's hypothesis. A Teres son of Cersobleptes is known from Ditt.^{xx}, 356 B.C. contemporary with Amadocus B¹. It is extremely improbable that this Teres is the man mentioned in Philip's letter.

The discovery of the Delphian inscription caused Höck^{xxx} to withdraw his first suggestion as to the identity of Teres[†]. ὁ ἐν τῷ Τίγρι τοῦ Σκαυτοῦ. Nor is he inclined to identify him with Teres, son of Cersobleptes.

Σκαυτοῦ:
Aubrey
2:2. ~~22~~ 1.
Allen B. West:
in "Numismatic
Notes and
Monographs"
no. 40, 1929
p. 135 and 130
and 133

Höck:
in "Hermes"
XXVI p. 85

Schaefer:
- Demosthenes
n. s. Zeit^h
II 2 426 note 1
Οδρυσιανῶν
τῆς (284
* (Annothem)
XII 8.10
xx Ditt. 2. 195

xxx Höck:
in "Hermes"
XXXII 625

(Amadocus?)

v. 98

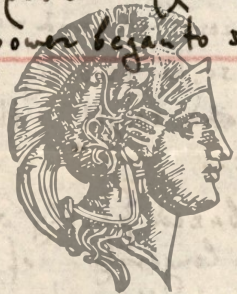
ο βασιλεὺς τῆς Ὀδρυσίας ἐπέστειλε 424, ἐνόησε
ἀποστῆναι ἀπὸ τῆς (4.01 maximus) καὶ ἀποστῆναι
(8.60 gm.)

Ἡ ἀποστῆναι γὰρ ἐκέρχθη ἐκ τῆς (to have come)
ἀπὸ eastern Thrace) ἀπὸ τῆς Ἀνατολικῆς Θρακίας.

ἀποστῆναι ἰδίοις ἄλλοις βασιλεῦς τῆς light Attic
weight) ἐπέστειλε καὶ τὸ δούλοισιν ἰσχυρῶς ἐπὶ
Εὐκλειδῶν ἀποστῆναι καὶ

ἐκ Σελυβρίας (in Selymbria) καὶ ἐπὶ τῆς καὶ ἐπὶ τῆς
τοῦ τῆς Ὀδρυσίας ἐπέστειλε ἐκτελεσθῆναι (when
the Odryzian power began to spread).

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ