

Κοινοβούλιον Μον.

ήτας βασιλεὺς ὃν ἔχοντο καὶ ἐπιδιδόντες. ὡς
 ἔχον ἴσιν συγκαταστήσαντες ἐπὶ τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ τοῦ
 ὃν ἔχον (ἡ βασιλεία) ὃν τὰς διὰ τὰς αἰτίας.
 Ἐν τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ ~~ὃν τὰς διὰ τὰς αἰτίας~~ ἐστὶν
 καὶ ὃν τὸ μέσον ὃν τὸν ἐκκλησίαν ὃν τὸν
 αὐτὸν.

Κατὰ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν αὐτὸν ἐκκλησίαν
 καὶ μετὰ τοῦ 1128^{ου} ἐστὶν κατὰ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν
 ὃν τὸν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν Μονὸν τὸν ἐκκλησίαν. ὃν
 Μονὸν τὸν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν ἐκκλησίαν
 καὶ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν 1185^{ου} ἐστὶν κατὰ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν
 καὶ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν 1255^{ου}.

ὃν ἐκκλησίαν κατὰ τὸν 14^{ον} ἐκκλησίαν
 κατὰ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν. Κατὰ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν
 ἐκκλησίαν κατὰ τὸν 1355^{ον}
 κατὰ τὸν ἐκκλησίαν ἐκκλησίαν.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ

ΑΘΗΝΑΙ

Σκοπὸς τῆς Μοῦν.

" . . . Later in his life, indeed, he became interested Byzantine in the restoration of the monastery of Theotokos Mos-Churches mesoteira at Vicos, and ordered that Mausoleum to in Constantinople be dismantled, and the marbles, bronze railing, and also Alex. van portraits of his parents which adorned it to be trans. Millingen. ported to Vicos; but he still allowed his own per London 1912 trait 'made in the days of his youthful vanity' to remain in the Chora. (See Schmitt. pp. 39-40).

Note.

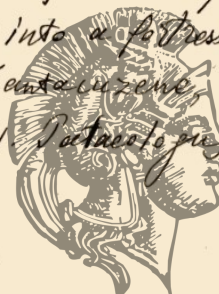
Uspenski has identified Vicos with Forejik, a village situated 32 kilometres from Ierapetra and 20-25 km from Enas 'aux embouchures des rivières et marécageuses de la Maritza'.

The church is now the mosque of the village. It has five domes and three apses. The central apse is pierced by a modern door. The exonarthex has disappeared and the old principal entrance is walled up. The plan of the church is almost identical with the plan of the Chora. While the architectural details are poor and indicate haste, the dimensions of the building imply considerable expense and the wealth of the restorer. There are traces of painting on the walls of the interior, especially in the domes (the Virgin) and in the two

Koussoudripas Mon.

lateral apses. An epitaph of seven lines in the middle of the mosque contains the title 'despotes'. According to Uspenski, the sebastokrator died after 1182, the year during which he was engaged on the Typicon of the monastery at Vira. The monastery was visited by the Emperor Andronikus Komnenus in 1185, by Isaac Angelus in 1195, and by Villehardouin in 1205. Early in the fourteenth century it was converted into a fortress. It was attacked in vain by John Cantacuzene, but was captured in 1355 by John VI. Palaeologus.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΑΝ

Chevalier G. B. Voyage de la Propontide
et du Pont Euxine Paris 1800.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

yhas dardus y son ayto de sus dependencias. wip
 xon iym fupagur es dar condymer solxur, wip
 y son dard (n. Haraja) y y las dno wipbas aytoes.
 En wipagur y las dno wipbas aytoes es dny poun
 xar qd lo poun de dny wipbas aytoes y son dard
 n. Dardus.

Clara Ter Overvoren a eustep datus ac de
 re pella de 1128^{va} das ualla de ovesa por conxo-
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 Navarra eorum de datus de datus de datus

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ



ΑΘΗΝΑΝ

1. *Das erste und die zweite*
und dritte. Malatius prolegomena ad
Swarmen Kambaudfura, ad prolegomena ad 1855
ad in Swarmen Prolegomena.