

o. 203

είλια επό Αδριανούπολης
59 $\frac{3}{4}$ Καριτζάρ

63 Δροσίνος B. εις Μισιντή (Mishinti) Λιβάδια

74 $\frac{1}{2}$ Η δέλτα πλαγών είναι N. έχουν ταύτα, τολμανή,
Chorlu, ηλικία παλαιάς (old) λιθίνη
χρυσταράς.

Σιδηροδρομικός σιδηρόδρομος της Τροπάου.

76 $\frac{1}{2}$ Τροπάου.

ΤΣΟΡΛΟΥ ΔΕΡΕΣ και
ΤΣΟΡΛΟΥ ΣΟΥ.

Great Britain:
Naval Intelligence Division,
Geographical Section,
Naval Staff,
Admiralty:

"Handbook
Turkey in Europe
1920"

o. 230

Όδός Παρσελή - Σιδηροδρομική Σιατήνη Μουράτην

14 $\frac{1}{2}$ γιδία.

0 Παρσελή

13 $\frac{1}{2}$ γιρός 845 μέτρων.

14 Road crosses to N. bank of the Chorlu Dere by an iron-girder
bridge, 2 spans, length 140 to 160 ft., 16 ft. wide, height
above water, 25 ft.

ΑΚΑΔΗΜΙΑ + **ΑΟΗΝΑΝ** 25 ft.
The stream is navigable only in summer.

14 $\frac{1}{4}$ Μουράτην.

14 $\frac{1}{2}$ Μουράτην σιδηροδρομικός σιδηρόδρομος.

o. 277. ναι χάρησε είτε αδρ.

Ορδινόδρομος μεταξύ Χαδίνης κατέχεται την καλυψίαν (skoper)
την Ξηρούντην την Μίλη (Line), οποίας την κοιτάζει το Καρα-
τσι (? Αστρα?) εις Μίλη (Chatalja), ναι διέχεται επίτηδει την
ισημίαν (hills) εις την Ιλιντερίαν την Ξηρούντην την Μίλη, εις
την κοιτάζει την Chorlu Dere. Η ορδινόδρομη ξεκατάνε
λούθη την πλάνη (stream) γιαχρή των οντών, οποίας είναι
τη Εργενε Su. (Οχι ποδή γαρ η Μουράτην, μεταξύ
εις την ιδιαίτερη Χαδίνη) - Καλάβη η ιδιαίτερη Χαδίνη εις Chorlu
Su ξεκατάνεται την άσημη βορειότερη την Σινιτζή, ναι είναι πρός
Δυοντας, μεταξύ πρός Νότια, γιαντες αργίτων, εις την ιδιαίτερη Χαδίνη,
35 (ταρίπετον γιδίαν)

(αναδρούσις)

2 0.284

Kuprasi Rigvayai toos. In good day or An old day and Kursakur road
us Adyan road.

An old Kursakur road		"Orosa to Molac (Stream) in Sivash station	Minor line Proprietary as planned.
Missa	Xididun	- - -	- - -
73	-- 128	Chorlu Dere	-- 138.89
78	-- 131	Chorlu Dere	-- 43.75
85	-- 138	Chorlu Dere	-- 76.55
108 $\frac{3}{4}$	-- 175	Chorlu Su	-- 108.27
--	--	- - -	- - -

0.291-292

The bridge crosses over the Sivash, 2 miles 66 yards from Kursakur road, and has a span of 30 ft. on each side of the river. The bridge is built of stone and has a width of 10 ft. It is supported by two piers made of stones and mortar.

On the north side of the bridge there is a broad Chorlu stream bed with a narrow channel. The water is shallow and the bed is rocky.

73. A bridge across the Kursakur road, leading to Chorlu Dere. The bridge is made of stone and has a width of 10 ft. It is supported by two piers made of stones and mortar. The water is shallow and the bed is rocky.

78. A bridge crossing the river near the village of Chorlu Dere. The bridge is made of stone and has a width of 10 ft. It is supported by two piers made of stones and mortar. The water is shallow and the bed is rocky.

80 $\frac{1}{2}$. Second bridge for Terekfus.

85. Rigvayai line to Chorlu Dere.

The bridge crosses the river near the village of Chorlu Dere. The bridge is made of stone and has a width of 10 ft. It is supported by two piers made of stones and mortar. The water is shallow and the bed is rocky.

87. Cross to l. Bank by four 30. ft. spans of lattice girders on stone piers underneath the rail.

Close to Chorlu Station cross a sidestream by three 40-ft. lattice girders span

95 $\frac{1}{4}$. Second bridge.

108 $\frac{3}{4}$. The line descends the valley of the Chorlu stream, and near Muradli crosses to the bank by five 40 ft. lattice girders on stone piers.]